



SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to the Hazardous Substances
(Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

Version number: 1

Issued: 2026-08-28

ZF LifeguardFluid 9

SECTION 1: Identification

Product identifier

Trade name

ZF LifeguardFluid 9

Article No.

AA01.500.001

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Product type

Mixture

Use

Transmission oil.

Not suitable for use in

This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

Supplier's details

SDS created by

Global Division B Product Compliance Mgmt. System (BWC)

Supplier

ZF Services Pty Limited

Address

Unit 1, 13 Bessemer Street

Blacktown

2148 New South Wales

Australia

Telephone

+61 2 9679 5555

Email

msds.zf-aftermarket@zf.com

Web site

www.zf.com/contact

Contact person

Global Division B Product Compliance Mgmt. System (BWC)

Email address

msds.zf-aftermarket@zf.com



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Emergency phone number

(+49) 89 19 240

Available outside office hours

Yes

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture and any national or regional information

Description

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Label elements, including precautionary statements

More information

Hazard pictograms : No Hazard Symbol required

Signal word : No signal word

Prevention: No precautionary phrases.

Response: No precautionary phrases.

Storage: No precautionary phrases.

Disposal: No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No. EC No. REACH No. Index No.	Concentration	Classification	H-phrase M factor acute M factor chronic	Specific concentration limits ATE	Note
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C)*	- - - -	0 - 90%	Asp. Tox. 1	H304 - -		-
Alkyl acetamide	866259-61-2 - - -	1 - 3%	Skin Sens. 1B	H317 - -	Skin Sens. 1B, H317: C < 3.1%	-
Calcium alkaryl sulphate	75975-85-8 - - -	0.1 - 0.99%	Skin Sens. 1B	H317 - -		-
Ethoxylated amine	61791-44-4 263-177-5 - -	0.025 - 0.099%	Acute Tox. 4 - oral, Skin Corr. 1C, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1	H302, H314, H400, H410 - -		-

Product based on

Chemical nature : Synthetic base oil and additives.

Highly refined mineral oil.

The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.

The highly refined mineral oil is only present as additive diluent.

Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8, 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5.

Substance additional information

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16. For the complete text of H- / EUH-statements mentioned in this section, see section 16.



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SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

Inhalation

No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

Eye contact

Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion

In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas.

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhea.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water in a jet.



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Specific hazards arising from the chemical (e.g. nature of any hazardous combustion products).

Hazardous combustion products may include:

A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke).

Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.

Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Environmental precautions

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material.

Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent.

Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.

Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.



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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Preventive handling precautions

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.

Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Use properly labeled and closable containers.

Store at ambient temperature.

Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene.

Unsuitable material: PVC.

Container Advice : Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

Specific end use(s)

No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure limits

See below OEL table

Biological occupational exposure limits: Biological Limit Values (BLV) have not been established for this material.

National occupational exposure limits



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Ingredient	CAS No. EC No.	Exposure limit ppm / mg/m³	Source	Remark	Year
Oil mist, mineral	- -	- / 5	NZ OEL	WES-TWA (Mist) Further information: Sampled by a method that does not collect vapour.	-
Oil mist, mineral	- -	- / 10	NZ OEL	WES-STEL (Mist)	-
Oil mist, mineral	- -	- / 5	OSHA Z-1	TWA (Mist)	-
Oil mist, mineral	- -	- / 5	ACGIH	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	-



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Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.

Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Protective measures: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Monitoring Methods: Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods
<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/>

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods
<http://www.osha.gov/>

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances
<http://www.hse.gov.uk/>

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany
<http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp>

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France <http://www.inrs.fr/accueil>

Personal Protective Equipment Symbols





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Eye / face protection

If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.

Hand protection

Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.

Other skin protection

Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.

It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.

Respiratory protection

No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.

In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

Environmental exposure controls

Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water.

Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.



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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Liquid

Colour

Blue-green

Odour

Slight hydrocarbon

Melting point / freezing point

No data available

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

> 280 °C / 536 °F [estimated value(s)]

Flammability

Not applicable [solid, gas];

Not classified as flammable but will burn [liquids]

Lower and upper explosion limit

Typical 1 %(V);

Typical 10 %(V)

Flash point

206 °C / 403 °F

Method

ISO 2592

Auto-ignition temperature

> 320 °C / 608 °F

Decomposition temperature

No data available

pH

Not applicable

Kinematic viscosity

5.4 - 5.8 mm²/s (100 °C / 212 °F);

26 mm²/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F)

Method

ASTM D445

Solubility

No data available



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Water solubility

Negligible

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)

Vapour pressure

< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) [estimated value(s)]

Density and/or relative density

846 kg/m³ (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)

Method

ISO 12185

Relative density

0.846 - 0.852 (15 °C / 59 °F)

Relative vapour density

> 1 [estimated value(s)]

Explosive properties

Classification Code: Not classified

Particle characteristics

No data available

Other information

Pour point -42 °C / -44 °F [Method: ISO 3016]

Conductivity : This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

Chemical stability

Stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.



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Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product / Sub- stance name CAS / EC no.	Dose descriptor	Value / Dose	Exposure route	Test animals	Remarks
ZF LifeguardFluid 9 -	LD50	> 5000 mg/kg	oral	Rat	Low toxicity
ZF LifeguardFluid 9 -	LD50	> 5000 mg/kg	dermal	Rabbit	Low toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Slightly irritating to the eye.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product / Substance name CAS / EC no.	Result	Other
Alkyl acetamide -	May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.	Experimental data has shown that the concentration of potentially sensitising components present in this product does not induce skin sensitisation.

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Product / Substance name CAS / EC no.	Result	Other
Calcium alkaryl sulphonate -	May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.	-

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product / Substance name CAS / EC no.	Result
Highly refined mineral oil -	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Information on other hazards**Other information**

Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal, ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.



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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Acute toxicity

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product.

Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Acute fish toxicity

Product / Substance name CAS / EC no.	Measurement type	Value / Result	Species	Remark
ZF LifeguardFluid 9 -	LL/EL/IL50	>10 <= 100 mg/l	Fish	Harmful

Acute algae toxicity

Product / Substance name CAS / EC no.	Measurement type	Value / Result	Species	Remark
ZF LifeguardFluid 9 -	LL/EL/IL50	>10 <= 100 mg/l	Algae	Harmful

Acute crustacean toxicity

Product / Substance name CAS / EC no.	Measurement type	Value / Result	Species	Remark
ZF LifeguardFluid 9 -	LL/EL/IL50	>10 <= 100 mg/l	crustacean	Harmful

Micro-/macro organism toxicity

Product / Substance name CAS / EC no.	Measurement type	Value / Result	Species	Remark
ZF LifeguardFluid 9 -	LL/EL/IL50	>10 <= 100 mg/l	microorganisms	Harmful



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Chronical toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment., Persistent per IMO criteria., International Oil Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund definition: "A non-persistent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, consists of hydrocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, by volume, distills at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) at least 95% of which, by volume, distills at a temperature of 370°C (700°F) when tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or any subsequent revision thereof."

Bioaccumulative potential

Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products).

Mobility in soil

Mobility

Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

Remarks: Floats on water.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

Other adverse effects

Does not have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential., Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which will not be released to air in any significant quantities under normal conditions of use.

Poorly soluble mixture., Causes physical fouling of aquatic organisms.



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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Disposal considerations

Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.

Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships. Disposal methods, including disposal of packaging, should be in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act.

Packaging

Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Other

Disposal should be in accordance with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances Disposal Regulations 2001. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN number

Not regulated

UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID / ADN proper shipping name

Not regulated



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IMDG proper shipping name

Not regulated

IATA proper shipping name

Not regulated

Transport hazard class(es)

Label

Not regulated

ADR / RID Class

Not regulated

IMDG Class

Not regulated

IATA Class

Not regulated

ADN Class

Not regulated

Packing group

Not regulated

Environmental hazards

No

IMDG Marine Pollutant

No

Special precautions for user

Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

EU regulations

Not Applicable.



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National regulations

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Limits 2002 (WES). New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices November 2023.

Other regulations, limitations and legal regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA : All components listed.

NZIoC : All components listed.

Chemical safety assessment

No data available

SECTION 16: Other information

Phrase meaning

Asp. Tox. 1 - Aspiration hazard, hazard category 1

Skin Sens. 1B - Skin sensitisation, hazard category 1, sub-category 1B

Acute Tox. 4 - oral - Acute toxicity, oral, hazard category 4

Skin Corr. 1C - Skin corrosion, hazard category 1C

Aquatic Acute 1 - Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute hazard category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 - Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic hazard category 1

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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Other

Additional information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Other information For detailed advice on Personal Protective equipment, refer to the following Australian Standards :- HB 9 (Handbook 9) Manual of industrial personal protection. AS/NZS 1337 Eye protectors for industrial applications. AS/NZS 1715 Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective devices. AS/NZS 1716 Respiratory protective devices.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID data base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

Disclaimer: The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.